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Standards and documents applied:

LST EN 1434-1:2016; LST EN 1434-2:2016; LST EN 1434-4:2016; LST EN 1434-5:2016; WELMEC 7.2:2015.

The measuring instrument must correspond with the following specifications:

1 Design of the instrument

1.1 Construction

Heat meter QALCOSONIC E2 consists of the primary flow sensor and the calculator with type approved pair of temperature sensors with Pt 500 elements.

Flow sensor consists of housing with built-in ultrasound transducers.

For flow sensors $q_p = (0.6 - 2.5)$ m³/h body is made from brass (cast), with two ultrasound transducers, the sensor connected with the calculator via one screened cable (Fig. 2, a, b).

For flow sensors $q_p = (3.5 - 15)$ m³/h body is made from brass (cast), with two ultrasound transducers, the sensor connected with the calculator via two screened cables (Fig. 2, c, d, e, f, g).

For flow sensors $q_p = (25 - 60)$ m³/h body can be made from either brass (cast) or steel (welded construction), with two ultrasound transducers, the sensor connected with the calculator via two screened cables (Fig. 2, h, i).

For flow sensors $q_p = (60 - 950)$ m³/h body is made from steel (welded construction), with four ultrasound transducers, the sensor connected with the calculator via four screened cables (Fig. 2, j).

The length of the cables connecting flow sensor to the calculator can be from 3 m to 50 m.

The flow sensors $q_p = (0.6 - 6)$ m³/h has intended place for temperature sensor installation.

The calculator of the heat meter can be mounted directly on the flow sensor or separately.

Depending on modification, the meter is powered by 3,6 V DC lithium battery either 230 V AC mains.





a) Calculator and flow sensor

b) Calculator

Fig.1.Heat meter QALCOSONIC E2

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a) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 0.6/1.0/1.5/2.5$ m³/h with threaded end connections G ³/₄ B or G 1 B



b) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 0.6/1,0/1,5/2,5 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ with flanged end connections DN20



c) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 3.5/6$ m³/h with threaded end connections G 1½ B



d) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_{\rm p}$ = 3,5/6 m³/h with flanged end connections DN25 or DN32



e) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 10 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ with threaded end connections G 2 B



f) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 10 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ with flanged end connections DN40



g) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 15 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ with flanged end connections DN50



h) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_p = 25/40/60$ m³/h with flanged end connections (DN65/DN80/DN100), brass body



i) Flow sensor of the heat meter 2 q_p = 25/40/60 m³/h with flanged end connections (DN65/DN80/DN100), steel body



j) Flow sensor of the heat meter $q_{\rm p}=60/100/150/250/400/560/750/950~{\rm m}^3/{\rm h}$ with flanged end connections (DN100/DN125/DN150/DN200/DN250/DN300/DN400), steel body, with four ultrasound transducers

Fig.2. Flow sensor of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2

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Structure of type number of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2

/pe							十-	Ť	T	
Measureme	nt scheme	•								
Designation		Designation	Code	Designation	Code					
U1	01	U1L	06	A2	12	7				
U2	02	U2L	07	A4	14	7	- 1			
U1F	04	A	08	U1A3	16	7	1			
U2F	05	A1	10	U2A3	17	∄				
Rati	o of the flo	ow rates $q_{\rm p}/q_{\rm i}$:		Code						
	100 (2	25)*		2						
	250			4						
wo-wire scl 2 K to 150 F	neme,		22 tv 3	vo-wire schem K to 150 K	ıe,		Code 23			
four-wire so 2 K to 150 F				ur-wire scher K to 150 K	ne,		43]		
Power sup	ply:	1901			Code			_		
Internal ba					1					
Mains pow	er supply	230 V AC			2					
Codes are pi	esented in	or of 1 st measu n technical des	cription	PLE2V04						
ata code of		or of 2 st measu n technical des								
ode s are p										
onnection c		h of flow sense		1 1						
onnection c	ode Len	gth Code	Length			Code				
onnection cength Co	ode Len 1 10	m 03	Length 20 m	05 50		Code 07				
onnection cength Co	ode Len	m 03	Length							
onnection of the connection of	ode Len 1 10 2 15 cable lengt	gth Code m 03 m 04	Length 20 m 40 m	05 50 06 ors, m:	m	07				
connection of the connection o	ode Len 1 10 2 15 cable lengt	gth Code m 03 m 04 th of temperat	Length 20 m 40 m ure senso Length	05 50 06 ors, m: Code Le	m ngth	Code		ngth	Code	
connection of the connection o	ode Len 1 10 2 15 cable lengt	gth Code m 03 m 04 th of temperate mgth Code m 03	Length 20 m 40 m	05 50 06 ors, m: Code Le 05 60	m	07	10	ngth 0 m	Code 09 00	

The communication interfac	The	comm	unica	tion	interface	e:
----------------------------	-----	------	-------	------	-----------	----

Type	Code	Type	Code
None	0	M-Bus/RS232/CL, with pulse outputs	5
M-Bus	1	MODBUS ·	6
RS232	2	MiniBus	7
RS485	3	RF 868 MHz RF module	8
M-Bus/RS232/CL, with current outputs	4	BACnet	9

Note: * - the ratio of the flow rates for temperature limits of heat-conveying liquid from 0 °C to 130 °C is indicated in the brackets (applied for measurement schemes U1L and U2L only).

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The user may select (when orders) one of six energy measurement schemes to which requirements of the Directive 2014/32/EU are applied (Table 1), or one of six energy measurement schemes to which requirements of the Directive 2014/32/EU are not applied (Table 2).

Table 1

Measurement scheme application	Conventional designation of the measurement scheme
For closed heating systems. Flow sensor in inlet pipe	U1
For closed heating systems. Flow sensor in outlet pipe	U2
For closed heating systems. Flow sensor in inlet pipe. With leakage detection option.	U1F
For closed heating systems. Flow sensor in outlet pipe. With leakage detection option.	U2F
For closed system for accounting of heating/cooling energy. Flow sensor in inlet pipe	U1L*
For closed system for accounting of heating/cooling energy. Flow sensor in outlet pipe	U2L*

Note: * - for these measurements schemes requirements of the Directive 2014/32/EU are applied when the meter is used for accounting of heating energy. It is marked on the meter label.

1.2 Sensor

The heat meter hardware consists of an ultrasonic flow sensor and heat meter calculator. The calculator measures the resistance of type approved pair of temperature sensors with Pt 500 elements and converts it to temperature according to formulas of LST EN 60751. The calculator also measures the volume of the heat-conveying liquid by processing signals received from the ultrasound transducers of the flow sensor.

1.3 Measurand processing

The energy, consumed for heating, is calculated by integrating the temperature difference and the volume of the heat-conveying liquid over time. The temperature difference is calculated from the resistance of the temperature sensors pair connected to the calculator.

1.4 Indication of the measurement results

The accumulated quantity of thermal energy is presented on the LCD display in the MWh. Other units (kWh, Gcal, GJ) can be chosen too.

1.5 Optional equipment and functions subject to MID requirements None.

1.6 Technical documentation

Thermal energy meter QALCOSONIC E2 - Technical description, user manual, passport: PLE2V04, 12-02-2019.

Test instruction of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2, 02-2019.

Other reference documents on which basis this certificate is issued, are stored in a file Nr.LEI-12-MP-075.18.

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1.7 Integrated equipment and functions not subject to MID

The energy measurement schemes, to which requirements of the Directive 2014/32/EU are not applied, presented in Table 2.

Table 2

Measurement scheme application	Conventional designation of the measurement scheme
For closed heating systems with flow sensor in inlet pipe. For open heating system with cold water temperature measurement and with two flow sensors, installed in inlet and outlet pipes	A
For closed heating system with flow sensor in outlet pipe. For open heating system for accounting energy consumption for heating, with cold water temperature measurement and with two flow sensors, installed in inlet and outlet pipes	A1
For closed heating systems with flow sensor in outlet pipe. For open heating system for accounting of supplied heat energy, with two flow sensors, installed in outlet and replenishment pipes	A2
For closed heating systems with flow sensor in outlet pipe. For open heating system for accounting of supplied heat energy, with two flow sensors, installed in inlet and replenishment pipes	A4
For combined heating – hot water preparation systems. Measuring system consist of the two independent heating energy meters. Flow sensor of the first meter is mounted in inlet pipe, flow sensor of the second meter is intended for accounting of hot water energy	U1A3
For combined heating – hot water preparation systems. Measuring system consist of the two independent heating energy meters. Flow sensor of the first meter is mounted in outlet pipe, flow sensor of the second meter is intended for accounting of hot water energy	U2A3

The heat meter can be without communication module or equipped with one of the following modules:

- M-Bus module;
- RS232 module;
- RS485 module;
- M-Bus, CL, or RS232 communication module with pulse outputs;
- M-Bus, CL, or RS232 communication module with current outputs;
- MODBUS module;
- MiniBus module;
- 868 MHz RF radio module:
- BACnet module.

The optical interface according to LST EN 62056-21 requirements integrated in the meter.

Two pulse inputs with programmable pulse value for additional flow meters.

Programmable relay output.

Four pulse outputs for test signals.

The technical characteristics of the meter inputs/outputs and communication interfaces are presented in section 3 of this appendix.

The meter can be used also for cooling energy measurement under rated operating conditions, listed in section 2.1.

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2 Technical data

2.1 Rated operating conditions

2.1.1 Measurand

Heating energy, calculated from the measured volume of water and the measured difference of water temperature in inlet and outlet pipes.

2.1.2 Measurement range

For calculator:

- limits of the temperature

 Θ : 0 °C to 180 °C;

- limits of temperature differences *

 $\Delta\Theta$: 2 K** to 150 K or 3 K to 150 K.

Notes:

- 1. * the lower limit of the temperature difference of the meter and connected temperature sensor pair must be the same.
- 2. ** for meters with the lower limit of the temperature difference 2 K, the requirements of the Directive 2014/32/EU are not applied.

Technical data of heat meter flow sensor are presented in Table 3:

Table 3

End connections		Flow-rate, m ³ /h				
Elid collifections	Permanent q_p	Maximum q_s	Minimum q_i	mm		
G 3/4	0,6	1,2	0,006 (0,024)	110		
G 1 or DN20	0,6	1,2	0,006 (0,024)	190		
G 3/4	1,0	2,0	0,01 (0,04)	110		
G 1 or DN20	1,0	2,0	0,01 (0,04)	190		
G 3/4	1,5	3,0	0,006 (0,06)	110; 165		
G 1 or DN20	1,5	3,0	0,006 (0,06)	190		
G 3/4	1,5	3,0	0,015 (0,06)	110; 165		
G 1 or DN20	1,5	3,0	0,015 (0,06)	190		
G 1	1,5	3,0	0,015 (0,06)	130		
G 1	2,5	5,0	0,01 (0,1)	130		
G 1 or DN20	2,5	5,0	0,01 (0,1)	190		
G 1	2,5	5,0	0,025 (0,1)	130		
G 1 or DN20	2,5	5,0	0,025 (0,1)	190		
G 11/4 or DN25 or DN32	3,5	7,0	0,035 (0,14)	260		
G 11/4 or DN25 or DN32	6	12	0,024 (0,24)	260		
G 11/4 or DN25 or DN32	6	12 .	0,06 (0,24)	260		
G 2 or DN40	10	20	0,04 (0,4)	300		
G 2 or DN40	10	20	0,10 (0,4)	300		
DN50	15	30	0,06 (0,6)	270		
DN50	15	30	0,15 (0,6)	270		
DN65	25	50	0,10 (1,0)	300		
DN65	25	50	0,25 (1,0)	300		
DN80	40	80	0,16 (1,6)	300; 350		
DN80	40	80	0,40 (1,6)	350		

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T-1		Flow-rate, m3/l	1	Overall length,
End connections	Permanent q_p	Maximum q_s	Minimum q_i	mm
DN100	60	120	0,24 (2,4)	350
DN100	60	120	0,60 (2,4)	350; 360
DN100*	60	120	0,24 (2,4)	350
DN125*	100	200	1,0 (4)	350
DN125*	100	200	0,4 (4)	350
DN150*	150	300	1,5 (6,25)	500
DN150*	150	300	0,6 (6,25)	500
DN200*	250	500	2,5 (10,4)	500
DN200*	250	500	1,0 (10,4)	500
DN250*	400	1120	4,0 (16)	600
DN250*	400	1120	1,6 (16)	600
DN300*	560	1560	5,6 (22,5)	500
DN300*	560	1560	2,24 (22,5)	500
DN350*	750	2100	7,5 (31,25)	550
DN350*	750	2100	3,0 (31,25)	550
DN400*	950	2660	9,5 (40)	600
DN400*	950	2660	3,8 (40)	600

Notes:

- 1. * -Flow sensors with four ultrasound transducers.
- 2. Minimum flow-rate q_i for temperature limits of heat-conveying liquid from 0 °C to 130 °C is indicated in the brackets.

Temperature limits of heat-conveying liquid are presented in Table 4:

Table 4

Temperature limits of heat-conveying liquid, Θ_q	Temperature limits of heat-conveying liquid, Θ_q ,
C00 10 1701 A20 VVV 0.00	for measurement schemes U1L and U2L
5 °C to 130 °C	5 °C to 130 °C
	or 0 °C to 130 °C (optional)

2.1.3 Accuracy class

Accuracy class : 2 according to LST EN 1434-1.

2.1.4 Environmental conditions / Influence quantities

Ambient temperature : 5 °C to 55 °C; Humidity level : condensing; Installations : indoor; Mechanical environment : class M1; Electromagnetic environment : class E2.

2.1.5 Maximum admissible working pressure

The maximum admissible working pressure/nominal pressure (PS/PN) of heat meter is 16 bar or 25 bar.

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2.1.6 Mounting position of the flow sensor of the heat meter

Flow sensor of the heat meter can be mounted either horizontally or vertically.

3 Interfaces and compatibility conditions

Two or three temperature measurement channels for connecting temperature sensors with Pt 500 sensing elements. Connection of the temperature sensors according to the two-wire or four-wire scheme.

Two pulse input with programmable pulse value for additional flow meters. Class of pulse input device –IB or IC according to LST EN 1434-2. Type of pulses – active or passive. High voltage level of active pulses 2,5 V to 3,7 V, low voltage level - 0 V to 0,7 V.

Integrated optical communication interface according to LST EN 62056-21 requirements.

Two programmable pulse/frequency outputs (available with plug-in multi module SKU46 and with mains supply). Class of pulse output device – OD according to LST EN 1434-2.

Two programmable current outputs (available with mains supply and with plug-in multi module SKU45). Current range: 0 mA to 20 mA or 4 mA to 20 mA.

Programmable relay 230 V, 2A output for limiting regulation or alarm function (available with mains supply module SKM37).

Serial interface M-Bus (available with plug-in module SKU46, SKU45 or SKS43), CL (available with plug-in module SKU46 or SKU45), or RS232 (available with plug-in module SKU46, SKU45 or SKS48).

Serial interface RS485 (available with plug-in module RS485 or MODBUS).

Serial interface MiniBus (available with plug-in module MiniBus).

Wireless interface (available with 868 MHz RF module).

Serial interface BACnet (available with plug-in module BACnet).

Four configurable pulse outputs for test signals. Class of pulse output device – OD according to LST EN 1434-2, active pulses with amplitude 3,5 V \pm 0,3 V, maximum current level – 0,1 mA.

4 Requirements on production, putting into use and utilization

4.1 Requirements on production

At the end of the manufacturing and adjustment process the heat meters shall be tested according to the requirements of the LST EN 1434-5. Errors of indication shall not exceed the maximum permissible errors, described in Annex VI (MI-004) of Directive 2014/32/EU.

The flow sensor of the heat meter can be tested with cold water (25 ± 5) °C.

4.2 Requirements on putting into use

The heat meter must be installed in accordance with the requirements of technical description listed in section 1.6.

For flow sensors of the heat meter with nominal diameter DN15 to DN50 the straight pipelines installation in upstream and downstream the sensor are not necessary.

For flow sensors of the heat meter with nominal diameter DN65 to DN400 necessary straight pipelines lengths, depending on the fitting type: upstream – from $5 \times DN$ to $20 \times DN$, downstream $\geq 3 \times DN$ (see technical description in section 1.6 of this appendix).

4.3 Requirements for consistent utilization

No special requirements identified.

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5 Control of the measuring process after tasks of the instrument in use

5.1 Documentation of the procedure

Test instruction of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2, 02-2019.

5.2 Special equipment or software

No special requirements identified.

5.3 Identification of hardware and software

Identification of hardware:

- see Fig.1, Fig.2, Fig.3 and Fig. 4 of this appendix.

Identification of software: version number of the software is **3.01**. This number on demand can be shown on the display.

5.4 Calibration-adjustment procedure

The tests are carried out according to the test instruction of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2 given on pages 15 to 17 of this appendix, in accordance with the requirements of the EN 1434-5.

6 Security measures

6.1 Sealing

The following heat meter calculator sealing is provided:

- the manufacturer's adhesive seal-sticker on the fixing bolt of electronic module under protecting cover (Fig. 3 pos. 1) and on the one bolt of cover protecting electronic module, which protect the access to the adjustment activation jumper (Fig. 3, pos. 2);
- the locks of top and bottom parts of the calculator are sealed with one or two hanged seals of heat supplier after installation (Fig. 3, pos. 3).



Fig.3. Sealing of the calculator of the heat meter

The following flow sensor sealing is provided:

- manufacturer adhesive seal - sticker on the bolts of the cover with brass body of the flow sensor (Fig.4, a, b, c);

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- two manufacturer's hanged seals on ultrasonic transducers of flow sensor with steel body and two ultrasound transducers (Fig. 4, d);
- four manufacturer's hanged seals on ultrasonic transducers of flow sensor with steel body and four ultrasound transducers (Fig. 4, e).

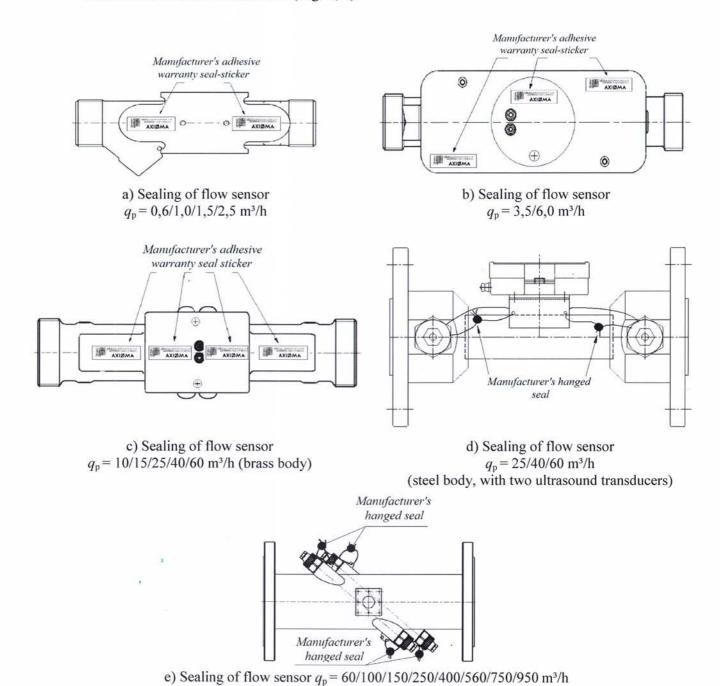


Fig.4. Sealing of the flow sensor of the heat meter

(steel body, with four ultrasound transducers)

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 b) Manufacturer's adhesive warranty seal-sticker



Fig. 5. Manufacturer's protective seals

7 Marking and inscriptions

7.1 Information to be borne by and to accompany the measuring instrument

At least the following information shall appear in legible and indelible characters on the heat meter calculator casing and his label:

- EU-type examination certificate number (LT-1621-MI004-022 rev.3);
- manufacturer's mark or name;
- type designation and type number;
- year of manufacture and serial number;
- limits of the temperature;
- limits of temperature differences;
- limits of heat-conveying liquid temperature;
- type of temperature sensors (Pt 500);
- limits of flow-rate: maximum q_s , permanent q_p and minimum q_i ;
- the maximum admissible working pressure/nominal pressure (PS/PN);
- flow sensor to be installed in the inlet or outlet;
- accuracy class;
- voltage level for external power supply;
- climatic class;
- electromagnetic class;
- mechanical class:
- programmed measurement scheme (see Table 1 and Table 2);
- additional marking (Heating conformity declared) for the measurement schemes U1L and U2L.

Additional adhesive label-sticker is on the cover of the flow sensor brass body. On the label is the following information:

- nominal diameter DN or connecting thread of the meter;
- serial number;
- year of manufacture;
- manufacturer's mark or name.

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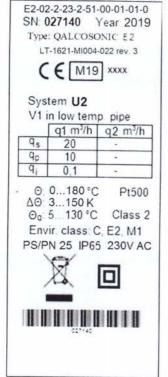
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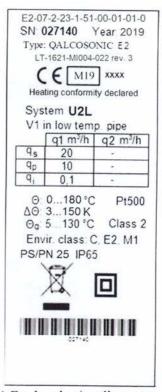
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Additional metal label is attached to the flow sensor DN65 – DN400 steel body. On the label is the following information:

- nominal diameter DN;
- serial number;
- year of manufacture;
- manufacturer's mark or name;
- arrow to indicate the direction of the flow.

Arrow to indicate the direction of the flow shall appear on flow sensor brass body.





a) For heating energy accounting

b) For heating/cooling energy accounting

Fig. 6. Examples of the calculator marking labels

7.2 Conformity marking

In addition, the label of heat meter calculator should contain the following marking:

- "CE" marking:
- metrology marking, consisting of the capital letter "M" and the last two digits of the year of its affixing, surrounded by a rectangle;
- identification number of the notified body, which carried out the conformity assessment.

8 List of the drawings attached to the certificate.

Drawings are not added.

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9 Certificate history

Issue	Date and reference No.			Description	1	
1	2			3		
LT-1621-MI004- 022	18-03-2016, No. LEI-12-MP- 039.15	Type examination certificate first issued				
LT-1621-MI004- 022 Revision 1	28-10-2016, No. LEI-12-MP- 051.16	of the Direc	ctive 2014/3		oplied when	requirements the meter is
		rate q_i is pre-	sented in th	e brackets) is		nimum flow- temperature
		3. Meter la changed (Fi		asurement sc	hemes U1L	and U2L is
		replaced by 2016.	the docum	nent PLSHE	EAT2V02, is	15, has been sued 14-10-
LT-1621-MI004- 022 Revision 2	14-02-2018, No. LEI-12-MP- 069.17	1. Manufac name UAB			Industries"	changed by
, 50000 th, American SP 1991		2. The name changed by			QALCOSON	NIC HEAT 2
					pe name QA brand AXIO	LCOSONIC MA.
3		4. Meter lab	els have bee	en changed.		
	a .	5. The heat flow sensor			ented with t	he following
				Fow-rate, m ³ /	h	
		End connections	Permanent	Maximum	Minimum	Overal length, mm
		DN80	9 _p 40	9 _s 80	q _i 0,16 (1,6)	300
		DN100	60	120	0,60 (2,4)	360
		appeared.				ale BACnet
		Colores Comments Statement				0-2016, has 20-11-2017.

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Issue	Date and reference No.	Description						
1	2	3						
LT-1621-MI004- 022 Revision 3	18-03-2019, No. LEI-12-MP- 075.18							
			ns of a flo			el, with four		
		End		Fow-rate, m ³ /	h	Overal		
		connections	Permanent q_p	Maximum $q_{\rm s}$	Minimum q_i	length, mm		
		DN100	60	120	0,24 (2,4)	350		
		DN125	100	200	1,0 (4)	350		
		DN125	100	200	0,4 (4)	350		
		DN150	150	300	1,5 (6,25)	500		
		DN150	150	300	0,6 (6,25)	500		
		DN200	250	500	2,5 (10,4)	500		
		DN200	250	500	1,0 (10,4)	500		
	5.005	DN250	400	1120	4,0 (16)	600		
		DN250	400	1120	1,6 (16)	600		
		DN300	560	1560	5,6 (22,5)	500		
		DN300	560	1560	2,24 (22,5)	500		
		DN350	750	2100	7,5 (31,25)	550		
		DN350	750	2100	3,0 (31,25)	550		
		DN400	950	2660	9,5 (40)	600		
		DN400	950	2660	3,8 (40)	600		
,		3. The maxiflow sensor m. 4. Meter test by the test in 5. The documents of the sensor m.	mum admis and the cal st instruction astruction, is	C to 130 °C is ssible length culator is ch n, issued 01- ssued 02-201 2V03, issue	of the cable anged from -2018, has b 9.	between the 100 m to 50 een replaced 7, has been		

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Test instruction of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2

1. Energy errors determination test

- For evaluation of energy measurement errors two precise resistors are connected for simulating inlet and outlet flow temperatures to the temperature measurement channels T1 and T2 (see connection diagram Fig. 1p, Fig. 2p, Fig. 3p);
- 2) When the temperature sensor pair is connected to the calculator, the test for calculator and temperature sensor pair is carried out, with the temperature sensors immersed in temperature regulated baths;
- 3) Flow sensor of the heat meter must be not filled with water or disconnected from the calculator;
- 4) Short press the SET button 2 times, and there will be "TEST" in the calculator display (TEST mode is activated);
- 5) Short press button 1 time, the volume pulse simulation starts and endures of 100 seconds;
- 6) When the "TEST" stops blinking, sequentially press the button simulated volume (m³) read directly from calculator display. The simulated volume is 10 m³ or 1 m³ (depending on the permanent flow-rate of the heat meter);
- 7) The measured energy can be read using the 2st test pulse output too (see connection diagram Fig. 1p, Fig. 2p, Fig. 3p);
- 8) After the test press the SET button to get out from the TEST mode.

2. Volume errors determination test

1) Press the SET button and the editing mode of the meter is activated ("SET" is shown on the display). Press the button sequentially to get to the configuration window of the temperature Θ5 (parameter 3:/5). With the buttons and the temperature approximate to the water temperature in the test bench must be set (with accuracy ± 5 °C):

3 25 c

- Short press the SET button 2 times, and there will be "TEST" in the calculator display (TEST mode is activated);
- 9) The flow sensor measurement errors should be evaluated using hydrodynamic test bench at controls flow rates specified in the section 6.2 of the LST EN 1434-5. The 4st test pulse output should be used (see connection diagram Fig. 1p, Fig. 2p, Fig. 3p);
- 3) The volume pulse values in TEST mode are presented in Table 1p:

Table 1p

Maximum flow-rate q_s of the heat meter, m ³ /h	Volume pulse value in TEST mode, litre/pulse	Energy pulse value in TEST mode, Wh/pulse
$q_{\rm s}$ < 5	0,001	0,1
$5 \le q_{\rm s} \le 50$	0,01	1
$50 \le q_s$	0,1	10

4) The recommended minimum volume pulse quantity and minimum duration of the test for the volume errors determination test is presented in Table 2p.

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Table 2p

Test flow-rate q, m³/h	Pulse quantity N	Duration of the test T
$0.1 q_p < q \le q_s$	<i>N</i> ≥ 1000	T > 2
$q_{\rm i} \leq q \leq 0.1 q_{\rm p}$	N > 500	$T > 2 + 8 q_i/q$

5) After the test the previous value of the temperature $\Theta 5$ must be set. Press the SET button to get out from the TEST mode.

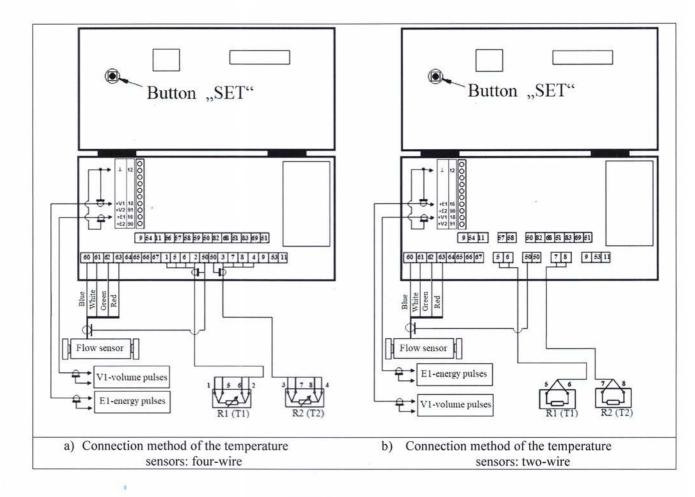


Fig. 1p. Connection diagram for the test of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2, $q_p = (0.6 - 2.5)$ m³/h

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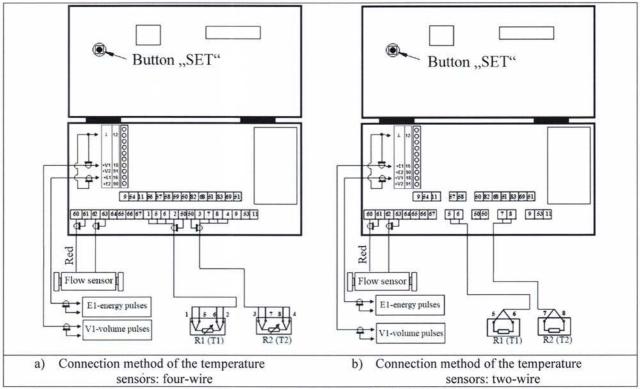


Fig. 2p. Connection diagram for the test of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2, $q_p = (3.5 - 60)$ m³/h

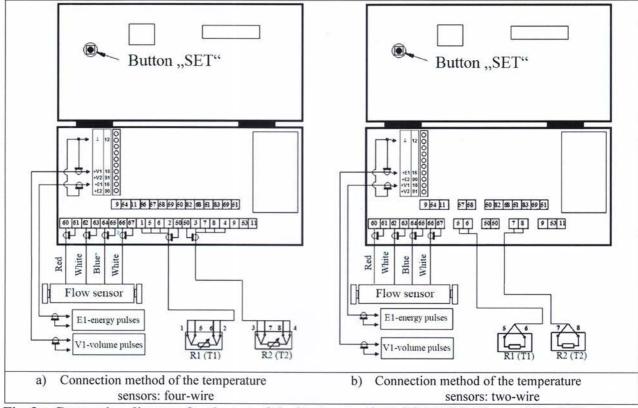


Fig. 3p. Connection diagram for the test of the heat meter QALCOSONIC E2, $q_p = (60 - 950)$ m³/h (flow sensor with four ultrasound transducers)

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