Implemented projects

- SCIENTIFIC GROUP TECHNOLOGICAL
 DEVELOPMENT PROJECT
 "CERAMIC FIBER CATALYST FORMED BY PLASMA
 TECHNOLOGIES FOR REDUCING POLLUTION
 EMISSION"
- ENERGY FOR THE FUTURE PROJECT "RESEARCH OF LOCAL FUEL THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PROCESSES BY DEVELOPING EFFICIENT AND ECOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES"
- ENERGY FOR THE FUTURE PROJECT "CONVERSION OF ORGANIC WASTE IN WATER VAPOUR PLASMA BY REDUCING ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION"
- STATE-FUNDED WORK "SYNTHESIS OF CARBON COATINGS IN ARGON-ACETYLENE AND IN ARGON-HYDROGEN-ACETYLENE PLASMA AND INVESTIGATION OF THEIR PROPERTIES"

■ EU SUPPORT MEASURE

"PROMOTION OF HIGH INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH" PROJECT

"DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIVE THERMAL

DECOMPOSITION TECHNOLOGY AND ITS

APPLICATION FOR UTILIZATION OF WASTEWATER

SEWAGE (INODUMTECH)"

- LONG-TERM INSTITUTIONAL SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH
 AND EXPERIMENTAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM
 "EXPERIMENTAL AND NUMERICAL INVESTIGATIONS
 OF COMBUSTION AND PLASMA PROCESSES
 FOR ENHANCEMENT OF ENERGY GENERATION
 TECHNOLOGIES AND RENEWABLE BIOFUEL AND
 FOR REDUCTION OF ENVIRONMENT POLLUTION"
- NDIVIDUAL PROJECT IN THE COST TD1208 "PLASMA IN LIQUIDS ACTIVITY APPLICATION OF WATER VAPOUR PLASMA FOR LIQUID WASTE PROCESSING"





LABORATORY OF PLASMA PROCESSING



Areas of research

- DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH OF DC PLASMA SOURCES FOR WIDE RANGE OF APPLICATIONS;
- RESEARCH OF PROCESSES AND PHENOMENA TAKING PLACE IN DISCHARGE CHANNELS, EXHAUST PLASMA JETS AND FLOWS;
- DIAGNOSTICS OF PLASMA AND HIGH-TEMPERATURE FLOW AND DEVELOPMENT OF DIAGNOSTIC MEASURES:
- RESEARCH ON INTERACTION OF PLASMA
 JETS AND SUBSTANCES IN VARIOUS PLASMATECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES;
- SYNTHESIS OF MICRO- AND NANO- DISPERSED GRANULES AND MINERAL FIBER FROM HARDLY MELTABLE MATERIALS AND ANALYSIS OF THEIR PROPERTIES;

- SYNTHESIS OF CATALYTIC AND TRIBOLOGICAL COATINGS IN PLASMA AMBIENT & ANALYSIS OF THEIR PROPERTIES;
- RESEARCH OF THERMAL AND HETEROGENEOUS PROCESSES FOR REACTING PRODUCT FLOWING AROUND CATALYTIC SURFACE;
- RESEARCH AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PLASMA NEUTRALIZATION PROCESS OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES;
- FORMATION AND MODIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL SURFACES IN PLASMA:
- GENERATION OF WATER VAPOUR PLASMA AND ITS APPLICATION FOR FUEL CONVERSION AND NEUTRALIZATION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.





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LAB OVERVIEW

Researchers of the Laboratory of Plasma Processing have over 40 years of experience working in different fields of development, scientific research and application of atmospheric and reduced pressure plasma and are able to successfully simulate new plasma technologies, using plasma equipment, designed in the Laboratory.

Different composition gas and its mixtures are used for plasma jets formation.

The Laboratory contains pilot production technological equipment, which is used to change and modify mechanical, tribological, chemical and optical properties of layers of different material surfaces.

Constant updating of technical base, development and disposal of available analytic equipment enables to perform research of plasma sources, diagnostics of plasma flows and jets, analysis of gas dynamic characteristics and heat-mass exchange.



DIAGNOSTICS OF PLASMA AND HIGH TEMPERATURE JETS

Formation of high-temperature and plasma jet, its dynamics, heat exchange in the channels of different configuration, their cells, and in elements of heat exchangers are investigated in the Laboratory.

Plasma diagnostics is performed by applying numerical and experimental methods.

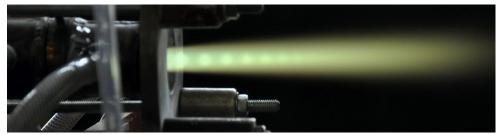


Heavy particle temperature measurement by double Langmuir probe



DEVELOPMENT OF PLASMA SOURCES AND RESEARCH OF PLASMA JET

The Laboratory of Plasma Processing develops new plasma generators up to 200 kW of capacity.



Air plasma jet discharged from direct current linear plasma generator

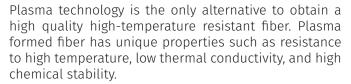


SYNTHESIS OF COATINGS IN PLASMA FLOWS

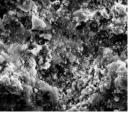
Catalytic, tribological and protective coatings formation as well as for hard ceramic coatings, which are employed for improving the operational chracteristics of constructional material surface layers in mechanics, chemistry, energy and medicine.



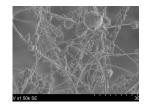
MELTING OF CERAMIC MATERIALS AND SYNTHESIS OF HIGH-TEMPERATURE METAL OXIDE FIBER



Cheap and widely spread in nature ceramic materials (quartz sand, dolomite, clay, aluminium oxide, industrial ceramic waste, etc.) are used as raw materials for producing heat resistant ceramic fiber.



Catalytic Al2O3 and amorphous graphite-type coatings



Formed ceramic fiber and fiber with catalytic particles



THE IMPACT OF HIGH TEMPERATURE AND VELOCITY ON THE STRUCTURE AND EROSION OF THE MATERIALS

The temperature of plasma jet is 1600–7500 K, while its velocity reaches 150–750 m/s.



Investigation of behaviour of hardly alloying materials in high temperature zone



WATER VAPOUR PLASMA TECHNOLOGY

The decomposition of different types of waste using water vapour plasma method, due to unique plasma properties, is characterized as an extremely environmentally friendly process. The plasma process uses raw material and water vapour as a coolant. In this type of plasma, practically all endothermic reactions can be carried out and the most persistent chemical compounds can be broken down to atoms. Using such plasma technology the synthetic gas (CO + H2) can be derived by decomposing the organic waste.



Water vapour plasma torch for the organic waste treatment